



September 10, 2002

Ms. Julie Reagan Waston
Assistant General Counsel
Texas Department of Human Services
P.O. Box 149030
Austin, Texas 78714-9030

OR2002-5044

Dear Ms. Watson:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 168328.

The Texas Department of Human Services (the “department”) received a written request for information pertaining to home health care providers in Hardin County. Specifically, the requestor seeks information regarding complaints, inspections, and violations. You state that some responsive information will be released to the requestor. You contend, however, that certain other information contained in documents you submitted to this office is made confidential under section 142.009 of the Health and Safety Code and section 159.002 of the Occupations Code and thus must be withheld from the public pursuant to section 552.101 of the Government Code.¹

Section 552.101 of the Government Code protects “information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, *statutory*, or by judicial decision.” (Emphasis added.) Section 142.009(c) of the Health and Safety Code authorizes the department to conduct investigations of complaints regarding the provision of home health, hospice, or personal assistance services. Section 142.009(d) provides as follows:

The reports, records, and working papers used or developed in an investigation made under [section 142.009 of the Health and Safety Code] are confidential and may not be released or made public except:

¹You state that the department has also withheld other information made confidential under section 142.009 of the Health and Safety Code in accordance with a previous determination issued by this office. See Open Records Letter No. 2001-5348 (2001).

- (1) to a state or federal agency;
- (2) to federal, state, or local law enforcement personnel;
- (3) with the consent of each person identified in the information released;
- (4) in civil or criminal litigation matters or licensing proceedings as otherwise allowed by law or judicial rule; or
- (5) *on a form developed by the department that identifies any deficiencies found without identifying a person, other than the home and community support services agency.*

Health & Safety Code § 142.009(d) (emphasis added). You have submitted to this office a “state form” contemplated by section 142.009(d)(5) of the Health and Safety Code. We agree that the department must withhold the identifying information you have marked pursuant to section 142.009(d)(5).

As noted above, you also contend that certain information contained in the state form is made confidential under section 159.002 of the Occupations Code, which provides in pertinent part as follows:

(b) A record of the identity, diagnosis, evaluation, or treatment of a patient by a physician that is created or maintained by a physician is confidential and privileged and may not be disclosed except as provided by this chapter.

(c) A person who receives information from a confidential communication or record as described by this chapter, other than a person listed in Section 159.004 who is acting on the patient’s behalf, may not disclose the information except to the extent that disclosure is consistent with the authorized purposes for which the information was first obtained.

Occ. Code § 159.002(b), (c). Information that is subject to section 159.002 confidentiality includes both medical records and information obtained from those medical records. *See* Occ. Code §§ 159.002, .004; Open Records Decision No. 598 (1991). You have highlighted the information contained in the submitted records that you seek to withhold pursuant to the MPA. We agree that most of the information you highlighted may be disclosed only in accordance with chapter 159 of the Occupations Code. We have, however, marked a small portion of the highlighted information that was not derived from medical records and thus must be released along with the remaining portions of the state form, except as discussed above.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at 877/673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

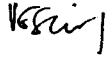
If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Department of Public Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.--Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at 512/475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code

§ 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



V.G. Schimmel
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

VGS/RWP/sdk

Ref: ID# 168328

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. Mike Chase
4710 Stag
Lumberton, Texas 77657
(w/o enclosures)